Introduction
This publication is intended to provide information related to campus security and safety including crime statistics, policies, procedures and other information designed to inform students, employees and visitors about the prevention of crimes and how to respond if a crime occurs. The provision of this information is in compliance with the requirements of the “Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act” (Public Law 101-542), as amended. These policies are adopted as part of the College’s commitment to the safety and security of all members of the College community and to ensure that the College’s environment supports the academic needs of its students while also maintaining a safe place to work and learn. Trinity College and Trinity Regional Health System are jointly responsible for gathering safety information. Annual crime data is additionally supplied by the Rock Island Police Department / Office of the City Clerk and is released through the Freedom of Information Request. Questions regarding any of the information contained in the College’s Annual Security Report may be directed to the Director of Student Services and External Relations at Trinity College of Nursing & Health Sciences, 2122-25 Avenue, Rock Island, IL 61201, 309-779-7720.

Authority of Campus Security Personnel
Campus security authority rests with the Trinity Regional Health System Security Department. Their geographical area of coverage includes the campus, College parking lot and Trinity Medical Center. The Trinity Medical Center Security Department officers have the authority to ask persons for identification and to determine whether individuals have lawful business at Trinity College. The security officers have authority to assist and address issues in the College parking lot. Security officers respond to all panic and fire alarms on campus. Trinity Regional Health System security is staffed by private/proprietary security personnel. Security personnel have authority to stop and question people on campus without a badge. Security personnel make a citizen’s arrest only while witnessing a crime in progress. Coverage is 24 hours/7 days a week with 4 officers on duty per shift.

Security of Facilities and Security Considerations in their Maintenance
During business hours, the College is open to students, parents, employees and visitors. During non-business hours, access to general student computer labs, study room and student commons is by identification badge. Trinity identification badges must be worn at all times by employees and students on campus and facilities of Trinity Medical Center. The badge must be visible, non-defaced and worn above the waist. The badge will operate a single door at the main entrance to the College and the south emergency exit.
Maintenance personnel regularly check to ensure that locking mechanisms are properly functioning, that pathways are well lighted and that egress lighting is working in hallways. Exterior lighting for parking lots and buildings are monitored by the security guards that report deficiencies to Trinity Facilities Services. Security guards patrol all building and parking facilities and inspect internally and externally. Students are encouraged to report any lighting or security concerns to the Student Services staff as soon as they occur.

**Reporting Crime and Concerns**

All members of the campus community are encouraged to immediately report criminal actions or emergency situations to the Rock Island Police Depart, dial “911”. Dialing “55” on College phones will reach the Trinity Medical Center Emergency operator. In addition, a report would be made to the Director of Student Services and External Relations at 309-779-7720. Non-emergency concerns or information regarding campus safety and threats should also be reported to the Director of Student Services and External Relations but also may be reported directly to the following additional campus security authorities:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tracy Poelvoorde, MS, RN</td>
<td>Chancellor; Dean of Nursing and Health Sciences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lenore T. Knock, M.Ed.</td>
<td>Director of Student Services &amp; External Relations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lindsey Rives</td>
<td>Executive Assistant to the Chancellor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lori Graham</td>
<td>Academic Secretary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emily Myatt</td>
<td>Student Services Secretary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jason Johnson, CHPA</td>
<td>Environment of Care Safety and Security Manager &amp; Trinity Medical Center Security Officers All Campuses</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Guidance on Emergencies:**

- In the classroom, red panic alarms are located near classroom doors and beneath the instructor station.
- An emergency phone is located in the parking lot. Any suspicious activity or person seen in the parking lot or loitering around vehicles should be reported to the Trinity Medical Center Security on the Rock Island campus. Located in the center of the Trinity College of Nursing & Health Sciences parking lot is a Blue Light Emergency Phone Station, this is a direct line to the Trinity Safety and Security department. This 9' tall tower acts as a crime deterrent and serves as an emergency communication system. This tower is wheelchair accessible and has a highly visible push button on its faceplate. A single touch on the push button summons campus officers to your specific location and triggers the bright blue police-type strobe light on top of the phone, which brightly lights the surrounding area.
- Testing of the panic alarm buttons and the parking lot security alarm is conducted monthly by the Trinity Medical Center Security Office.
Confidential Reporting

The College has adopted procedures for responding to and addressing conduct that violates this policy and urges all students, employees, and visitors to be alert to the possibility of crimes on campus. As part of the College community, all students, employees, and visitors are responsible for reporting crimes they experience or witness.

Confidentiality of complaints and parties will be preserved to the greatest extent possible, understanding that the College may have an obligation to take some action even if the complainant is reluctant to proceed. Parties and witnesses to a complaint are also expected to maintain confidentiality of the matter, understanding that they will often not have all the facts and they could impair the investigation by divulging information to persons outside of the investigatory process. Witnesses to a crime may voluntarily report such incidences to the Director of Student Services and External Relations. The College prohibits retaliation against persons who in good faith report violations of policy or cooperate in an investigation. The College also prohibits the filing of knowingly false or misleading reports and providing knowingly false or misleading information in an investigation. Discipline or other action can result from either of these acts of violation of policy.

A person seeking advice from UnityPoint Health-Trinity Chaplains or the Employee Assistance Plan/Student Assistance Plan counselor may be encouraged to report as required by the counselor’s licensure and/or certification. EAP counselors will inform the person they are counseling of required procedures to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Notification to Victims of an Alleged Sex Offense

Trinity College will inform the Complainant and the Respondent in writing of the outcome of the investigation. If a violation is found, the Complainant will also be advised of the sanction or disciplinary action imposed, if any. Trinity College will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence (as that term is defined in Section 16 of Title 18, United States Code), or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense, or, if the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, to the next of kin of such victim.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures:

The College has procedures to address a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on campus. These include such things as fires, tornados, earthquakes, contagious illnesses, bomb threats, and armed intruders. Anyone with information concerning such a threat should call 911 and the Director of Student Services and External Relations at 309-779-7720. The College has communicated with local police requesting...
their cooperation in informing the College about situations reported to them that may warrant an emergency response.

If the report of the threat is not from an official source (e.g., law enforcement, health agency, weather station), the Chancellor will access available sources of information from campus administrative staff and local authorities to confirm the existence of the danger and will be responsible for initiating the College’s response and for marshaling the appropriate local emergency response authorities for assistance. Depending on the nature of the emergency, other College departments may be involved in the confirmation process.

Once the emergency is confirmed, the College community, or appropriate segments of it, will be notified. The Chancellor in collaboration with other appropriate personnel, will determine who should be notified and will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to or otherwise mitigate the emergency. Depending on the segments of the campus the notification will target, the content of the notification may differ. When appropriate, the content of the notification will be determined in consultation with local authorities. Also as appropriate, the notification will give guidance as to whether its recipients should shelter in place or evacuate their location.

The Chancellor will direct the issuance of emergency notifications, which will be accomplished using one or more of the following means, depending on the nature of the threat and the segment of the campus community being threatened:

- Trinity Alert
- Blackboard Emergency Alert System - Text
- College webpage

In the event of an emergency, Trinity’s emergency operations plan would be activated including an Incident Command Center in the Rock Island Campus Board Room. All internal and external communication regarding the emergency would be disseminated from the Command Center via the Public Information Officer, an established position within the ICC, as necessary.

Timely communication to the larger community regarding significant College emergencies is disseminated by Trinity Regional Health System Public Relations Manager via the Marketing & Communications Office.

The College tests its emergency response and evacuation procedures at least once a year. Also, at various times Campus Safety and appropriate College administrators will meet to train and test and
evaluate College’s emergency response plan. Campus Safety maintains a record of these tests and training exercises, including a description of them, the dates and times they were held and an indication of whether they were announced or unannounced. In connection with at least one such test, the College distributes to its students and employees via email information to remind them of the College’s emergency response and evacuation procedures.

**Timely Warnings**

Crime alerts, issued by Trinity Medical Center Security Department and/or the Rock Island Police Department are communicated to the College when crimes have already occurred on campus or in the community that represent a serious or ongoing threat to Trinity College students and staff. The Director of Student Services and External Relations will issue a warning as soon as possible on the Alerts website, by making a general caution announcement, and posting a notification bulletin including the offense, suspect, picture if provided and action to be taken on campus and through use of emergency notification text and/or voice mail. Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should contact the Director of Student Services and External Relations at 309-779-7720.

**Working Relationship with Local Law Enforcement**

The Trinity Medical Center Security Department maintains a close working relationship with the Rock Island Police Department. Although there is no written memorandum of understanding between the TMCSD and the RIPD regarding the investigation of crimes that occur on campus, they work together closely when an incident occurs that may require joint investigation efforts, resources, crime related reports and exchanges of information. Trinity College’s officially recognized student organizations include the Student Government Association (SGA), Phi Theta Kappa International Honor Society, and the BSN-Honor Society. Students engaging in official activities off-campus are bound by the general standards of behavior as listed in the Code of Conduct. Students are expected to recognize their professional responsibility to themselves, patients, families and other health care professionals. Monitoring and recording of concerns would be the authority of staff and faculty advisors and the local police authority. Trinity College’s recognized student organizations are campus specific.

**Crime Awareness Programs**

Trinity College of Nursing & Health Sciences is concerned for the safety and well-being of the Trinity community and its guests, and is committed to providing a safe and secure environment. No campus is isolated from crime and Trinity has taken measures to affect the well-being of persons on campus.

Trinity Medical Center Rock Island’s Safety and Security Department is responsible for all enforcement of security matters for the College. Trinity offers a comprehensive crime-prevention program, which has two major goals:

- To inform students and employees about the prevention of crimes.
To inform students and employees about campus security procedures and practices and to encourage them to be responsible for their own security and the security of others.

Educational programs on personal safety include poster displays in the Student Commons. The New Student Orientation for spring term starts and again for summer and fall term starts include a presentation by a Trinity Medical Center Security Officer and the College Title IX Coordinator. The Officer covers the following information: important phone numbers, identification and prevention of most common types of campus indoor and outdoor thefts, information on the various ways Security Officers will assist students; individual student safety on and off campus, vehicles accidents including most common types of accident and prevention information, tips on how to describe suspicious persons, level of officer service/assistance student can expect, Security Department requirements with an Order of Protection. The College Title IX Coordinator provides training to ensure that students likely to witness or receive reports of sexual harassment and sexual assault are informed on: what constitutes sexual harassment, identification of sexual assault crimes, steps to follow when victim of either, how to file a complaint as a victim of a sex offense or observer, support for victims and observers, consequences of violations, and questions and answers. Students transferring general education coursework to Trinity for prerequisite course Psychology 219 Understanding Human Sexuality receive additional teaching/learning content. Additionally, Trinity Medical Center requires NetLearning completion prior to student attendance in the medical center and these learning modules are required of all employees prior to their first day on the job. The Title IX Coordinator will also maintain appropriate documentation regarding training and the receipt of complaints and their investigation and resolution. Trinity Medical Center Education Department routinely informs the College of student compliance with NetLearning and students’ outstanding requirements are withheld from clinical participation until they are complete. All coursework is documented in the student information system.

Sex Offender Information

Under federal law, the College is required to issue a statement advising the campus community where it can obtain information provided by the state concerning registered sex offenders. The law also requires offenders who must register with the state to provide notice of any institution of higher education in the state at which the person is employed, carries on a vocation or is a student. For Illinois, this information is at http://www.isp.state.il.us/sor/ and for Iowa at http://www.iowasexoffender.com/.

Policies and Procedures Related to Offenses of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking

Sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking are contrary to the values of Trinity College. In order to provide a healthy workplace and learning environment, the College prohibits such actions. These forms of misconduct also can constitute sexual harassment, prohibited by Title IX. Reference the College’s Title IX policy in the 2014 – 15 College Catalog on page 81 or at
The College also prohibits any retaliation, intimidation, threats, coercion or other form of discrimination against any persons exercising their rights or responsibilities under the Clery Act or the policies and procedures described herein.

If anyone has obtained a temporary restraining order or other no contact order against any other individual, from a criminal, civil, or tribal court, he or she should provide such information to the Title IX Coordinator or one of the Deputy Coordinators. It makes no difference whether or not that other individual is a student or employee of the College. The College will take all reasonable steps to implement the order.

For purposes of the following the Violence Against Women Act, the following provisions of Illinois law apply:

- **Criminal Sexual Assault**: A person commits criminal sexual assault if that person commits an act of sexual penetration and: (1) Uses force or threat of force; (2) Knows that the victim is unable to understand the nature of the act or is unable to give knowing consent. See 720 ILCS 5/11-1.20

- **Consent**: "Consent" means a freely given agreement to the act of sexual penetration or sexual conduct in question. Lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission by the victim resulting from the use of force or threat of force by the accused shall not constitute consent. The manner of dress of the victim at the time of the offense shall not constitute consent. See 720 ILCS 5/11-1.70

- **Domestic Battery**: A person commits domestic battery if he or she knowingly without legal justification by any means: (1) causes bodily harm to any family or household member; (2) makes physical contact of an insulting or provoking nature with any family or household member. “Family or household members” include spouses, former spouses, parents, children, stepchildren, and other person related by blood or by present or prior marriage, persons who share or formerly shared a common dwelling, persons who share or allegedly share a blood relationship through a child, persons who have had a dating or engagement relationship, persons with disabilities and their persona assistants, and caregivers. See 720 Ill. Comp. Stat. 5/12-0.1 and 5/12-3.2.

- **Dating Violence**: Dating violence is not a distinct offense under Illinois law, but note that the definition of Domestic Battery above includes violence against a person with whom the perpetrator has a dating or engagement relationship.

Under guidelines provided in the Violence Against Women Act, dating violence means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. Such a relationship is characterized by the
expectation of affection or sexual involvement between the parties. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the (1) length of the relationship, (2) type of relationship, and (3) frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

- Stalking. Under 720 Ill. Comp. Stat. 5/12-7.3, a person commits stalking when he or she
  - Knowingly engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person, and he or she knows or should know that this course of conduct would cause a reasonable person to:
    - Fear for his or her safety or the safety of a third person; or
    - Suffer other emotional distress.
  - Knowingly and without lawful justification, on at least 2 separate occasions, follows another person or places the person under surveillance or any combination thereof and:
    - At any time transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint and the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person; or
  - Places that person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint to or of that person or a family member of that person.
  - Previously has been convicted of stalking another person and knowingly and without lawful justification on one occasion:
    - Follows that same person or places that same person under surveillance; and
    - Transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault.

Procedures to Follow if You are a Victim of a Sex Offense:

If you are a victim of a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, go to a safe place and call 911 or the hospital emergency operator at “55” on a College phone. You should also contact the College’s Title IX Coordinator, Lenore Knock, 309-779-7720. Victims will be provided written notice of the following information:

- The importance of preserving evidence as may be necessary to prove the offense or to obtain a protective order (e.g., do not remove clothing items worn during or following an assault, as they frequently contain valuable fiber, hair, and fluid evidence; do not bathe or wash, or otherwise clean the environment in which the assault occurred; preserve any electronic communications from that assailant, particularly in the case of stalking);
- Any others to whom the alleged offense should be reported and how to do so;
- Options regarding notification to law enforcement, including:
  - The option to notify either on-campus safety personnel or local police;
Available Victim Services:

Victims will be provided written notification about existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration, and other services available to them, both within the University and in the surrounding community.

On-campus services that are available include UnityPoint Health, Trinity and the Student Assistance Program (SAP) @ 800-383-7900

Off-campus resources that are available include:

Quad-Cities Rape and Sexual Assault Counseling and Advocacy Program
Rock Island - 309-793-7729

Domestic Violence Counseling Program
Davenport - (563) 359-9399

The College will provide written notification to victims about options for, and available assistance in, changing academic, living, transportation, and working situations. If victims request these accommodations and they are reasonably available they will be provided, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to Campus Security or local law enforcement. The College will keep information about these accommodations and any similar protective measures confidential to the extent that maintaining confidentiality would not impair the institution’s ability to provide them.

Procedures for Disciplinary Action:

Allegations of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking will be processed through the appropriate College disciplinary system. Corrective Action as outlined in the College

Both the victim and the individual accused of the offense are entitled to:

- A prompt, fair and impartial investigation and resolution. Any extension of time frames specified for the investigation and resolution of the allegation of an offense will only be for good cause and both the victim and the accused will be advised in writing of the reason for any delay.
• A hearing conducted by officials who have no conflict of interest or bias for or against the accused or the accuser and who, at a minimum, receive annual training on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking and on how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability.

• The same opportunities to have others present during any disciplinary hearing, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by the advisor of their choice. The College may not limit the choice of advisor, but may establish limits regarding the extent to which that advisor may participate in the proceeding, as long as those limits apply equally to both parties.

• Have the outcome determined by a preponderance-of-the-evidence standard based on the totality of the evidence presented.

• Simultaneous, written notification of the outcome of the proceeding, any procedures for either party to appeal the result, any change to the result and when the result becomes final.

Possible Sanctions and Protective Orders:

Following a final determination in the College’s disciplinary proceeding that an act of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking has been committed, the College may impose sanctions and order protective measures be taken.

The following is a list of possible sanctions that may be imposed:

• Written corrective plan of action
• Assessment of improvement
• Verbal and written notification of warning
• Withdrawal from course of study
• Dismissal from the College

Protective measures that can be ordered range from:

• Adjustment of class schedules
• Impose restrictions on contact
• Revoke permission to campus and resource

Victims to Receive Written Notification of Rights:

When a student or employee reports to the College that he or she has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, whether the offense occurred on or off campus, the College will provide the student or employee a written explanation of his or her rights and options as described in the paragraphs above.
Crimes required to be reported by the Cleary Act
FBI Uniform Crime Report Definitions

Criminal Homicide, Murder, and Non-negligent Manslaughter – one person willfully killing another

Negligent Manslaughter – the killing of a person through gross negligence

Robbery – the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or a group of people by force, the threat of force/violence, or by putting victim in fear

Aggravated Assault – The unlawful attack of one person on another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Burglary – Unlawfully entering a structure with intent to commit a felony or theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft – The theft or the attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Arson – Willful or malicious burning or the attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle, air craft, or personal property of another.

Sex Offenses

Non-forcible – unlawful sexual intercourse includes two types of non-forcible sex offenses: incest and statutory rape.

Incest - Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degree wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory rape- Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Forcible Rape – the carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against the person’s will, or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent due to youth or temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Forcible Sodomy – oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will or not forcibly or against that person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent due to his/her youth, temporary or permanent mental or physical capacity.

Forcible Fondling – touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, either forcibly and/or against that person’s will or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent due to his/her youth, temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
Sexual Assault with an Object – Use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will, or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable or giving consent due to his/her youth, or temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Hate Crimes

A hate crime is a criminal offense committed against a person or property which is motivated, in whole or in part, by the offender’s bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, gender, gender identity, religion, disability, sexual orientation ethnicity, or national origin. The College reports Hate Crimes on campus and on public property immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus. For Clery purposes, hate crimes include any offense in the following two groups that is motivated by bias. The Handbook for Campus Safety and Security Reporting places into 2 groups for clarity purposes. Group A include all basic offenses except, negligent manslaughter and weapons: carrying, possessing etc., drug abuse violations and liquor law violations none of which can be classified as a hate crime. The second group, Group B consists of offenses in addition to the main offenses required by Clery.

Group A

- Murder and non- negligent manslaughter
- Forcible sex offenses
- Non-forcible sex offenses
- Robbery
- Aggravated Assault
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Arson

Group B

- Larceny-Theft
- Simple assault
- Intimidation
- Destruction/damage/vandalism of property

Crimes added by Reauthorization of the Violence Against Women Act
Domestic violence:

“Violent misdemeanor and felony offenses committed by the victim’s current or former spouse, current or former cohabitant, person similarly situated under domestic violence law, or anyone else protected under domestic or family violence law.”

Dating violence:

“Violence by a person who has been in a romantic or intimate relationship with the victim. Whether there was such a relationship will be gauged by its length, type and frequency of interaction.”

Stalking:

“A course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for her, his or others’ safety, or to suffer substantial emotional distress.”

Crime Statistics

Trinity College and its respective entities are committed to maintaining a safe working and learning environment for all members of the Trinity community. Paramount to achieving the Trinity vision is a climate that utilizes constructive methods of conflict resolution where violence is strictly prohibited.

The Director of Student Services and External Relations prepares the annual report in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics. The report is compiled from annual data and is prepared in cooperation with Trinity Regional Health Systems, Rock Island Security Manager and the Rock Island Police Department. Each entity provides updated information to comply with the Act. The full text of the report is located on the College website at www.trinitycollegeqc.edu and available in Student Services. Students and staff are notified each October of the availability of the current year’s report.
### CRIME STATISTICS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFENSE</th>
<th>ON-CAMPUS PROPERTY*</th>
<th>NON-CAMPUS PROPERTY**</th>
<th>PUBLIC PROPERTY***</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex Offenses, Forcible</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex Offenses, Non-Forcible</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrest: Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, ETC.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, ETC.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrests: Drug Abuse Violations</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Abuse Violations</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrests: Liquor Law Violations</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Law Violations</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### HATE CRIME STATISTICS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFENSE</th>
<th>ON-CAMPUS PROPERTY*</th>
<th>NON-CAMPUS PROPERTY**</th>
<th>PUBLIC PROPERTY***</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No Hate Crimes Reported</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN STATISTICS REPORTING

Note: Trinity College of Nursing & Health Sciences was not required to collect and report VAWA data for 2011 or 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFENSE</th>
<th>ON-CAMPUS PROPERTY*</th>
<th>NON-CAMPUS PROPERTY**</th>
<th>PUBLIC PROPERTY***</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Definitions
*On-Campus Property – The building and contiguous property owned by Trinity College of Nursing & Health Sciences. The College has no on-campus student housing.

**Non-Campus Property – Any building owned or controlled by Trinity College of Nursing & Health Sciences that is used in direct support of College educational purposes.

***Public Property – All public property that is immediately adjacent to and accessible from Trinity College of Nursing & Health Sciences.

Substance Abuse Policy
Trinity College of Nursing & Health Sciences enforces all applicable state and federal drug laws. It is the intent of the College to maintain a drug-free, healthy, safe, and secure educational environment. It is the policy of the College to prohibit the purchase, possession, use or abuse, sale, distribution, or manufacture of any controlled substance on campus. Any student bringing non-prescribed or illegal drugs or alcoholic beverages to the campus, using these on the grounds, or dispensing, manufacturing or selling them on the premises may be subject to legal as well as disciplinary action up to and including immediate dismissal from the College.

In Illinois, possession of alcohol by a minor under the age of 21 years is prohibited and the College enforces this prohibition.

A substance abuse prevention program is provided in an effort to educate students. All incoming students will receive both written and verbal content relating to substance abuse. Anyone who observes a student exhibiting problematic behavior indicating potential chemical dependency has the obligation to report it to the Dean of Nursing & Health Sciences. The Dean of Nursing & Health Sciences will then refer the individual to an appropriate agency for professional evaluation. The findings of the evaluation must be submitted to the College Chancellor. All information is handled in a confidential manner. Trinity College recognizes chemical dependency as an illness and a major health problem. It also recognizes substance abuse as a potential health, safety and security problem. Students are expected to perform College responsibilities in a condition appropriate to the level of quality and attention required.

Narcotics and Illegal Drug
Trinity College complies with all of the requirements of the Drug Free Workplace Act of 1989, P.L. 101-226. Any student who reports to class, clinical, or any learning experience under the suspected influence of alcohol or an illegal drug(s) substance will be taken immediately for drug testing accompanied by a College official/designee. In this case, the College will assume the costs of the
blood/urine tests. At the time of any incident of suspected abuse, the College has the right to request drug tests, with the cooperation of the student. If the drug tests results are positive, this forms grounds for warning/dismissal from Trinity College. If the student refuses to cooperate with the College’s request, the resulting action may include, but is not limited to, dismissal from Trinity College. At the time of any incident, the student may request immediate blood/urine tests to disprove allegations. If this is done, all costs of the blood/urine tests would be the student’s responsibility.

A substance abuse prevention program is provided in an effort educate students. This program is a part of Net Learning for students, faculty and staff. Detailed information on campus and community resources may be found in the 2014-15 College Catalog on page 85.